# Garadacimab provides early onset of protection against HAE attacks from Week 1 after first administration

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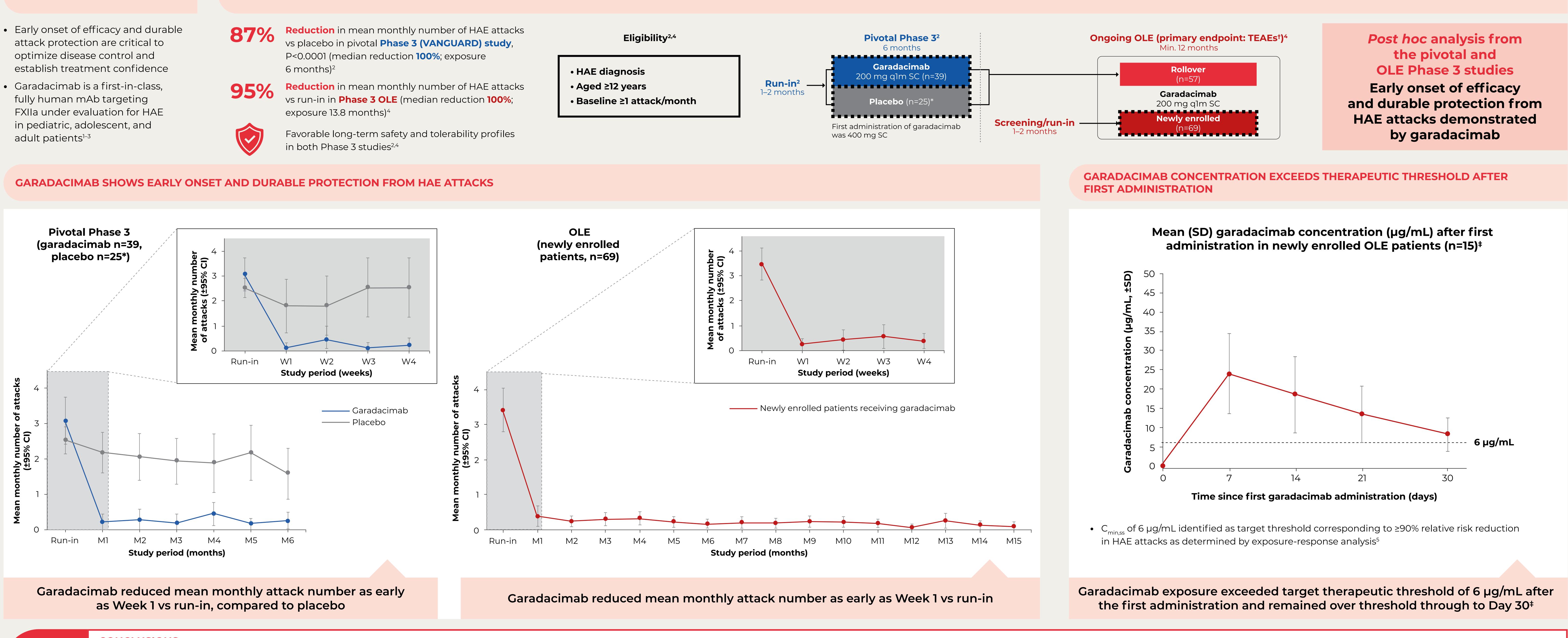
### BACKGROUND

- attack protection are critical to optimize disease control and establish treatment confidence
- Garadacimab is a first-in-class, fully human mAb targeting in pediatric, adolescent, and adult patients<sup>1-3</sup>

### STUDY DESIGN AND KEY OUTCOMES OF THE PIVOTAL PHASE 3 AND OLE STUDIES

vs run-in in **Phase 3 OLE** (median reduction **100%**;







#### CONCLUSIONS

\*One patient in the placebo arm was excluded from efficacy analysis as they received treatment for <30 days; †TEAEs in patients with HAE-C1-INH; <sup>‡</sup>Pharmacokinetic parameters were evaluated after the initial loading dose in a representative subset of newly enrolled patients (n=15). Cl, confidence interval; C<sub>minss</sub>, minimum concentration in the dosing interval at steady state; FXIIa, activated factor XII; HAE, hereditary angioedema; HAE-C1-INH, hereditary angioedema with C1-inhibitor deficiency or dysfunction; M, month; mAb, monoclonal antibody; OLE, open-label extension; q1m, once-monthly; SC, subcutaneous; SD, standard deviation; TEAE, treatment-emergent adverse event; W, week.

### Early onset of protection from HAE attacks with garadacimab as early as Week 1 after first administration in both pivotal and OLE Phase 3 studies Durable protection from HAE attacks with garadacimab across 15 months in the Phase 3 OLE study Garadacimab exposure exceeded target therapeutic threshold from Week 1 after first administration

#### References

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#### Disclosures

This study was sponsored by CSL Behring. Medical writing support was provided by Helix, OPEN Health Communications and funded by CSL Behring, in accordance with Good Publication Practice (GPP) guidelines (www.ismpp.org/gpp-2022).

European Academy of Allergy and Clinical Immunology Congress | Valencia, Spain | May 31 – June 3, 2024

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